

PRODUCT DATA SHEET

lyso-Monosialoganglioside GM₂ (NH₄⁺ salt), bovine

Catalog No: 1543

Common Name: *lyso*-GM₂

Source: semisynthetic, bovine

Solubility: chloroform/methanol/DI water,
(2:1:0.1); forms micellar solution in
water

CAS No: 94458-61-4

Molecular Formula: C₄₉H₈₇N₃O₂₅ • NH₃

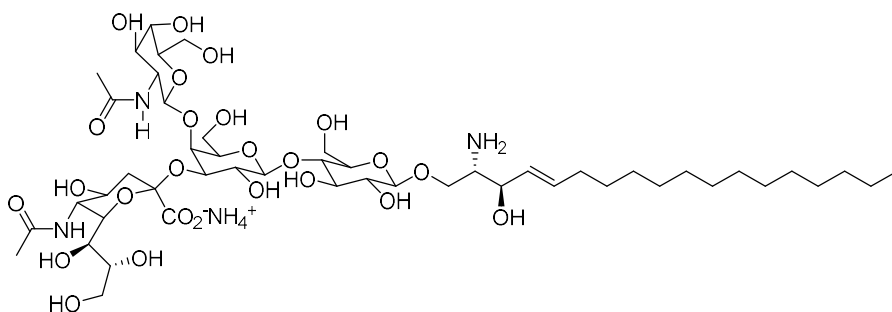
Molecular Weight: 1118+ NH₃ (stearoyl)

Storage: -20°C

Purity: TLC >98%; identity confirmed by MS

TLC System: chloroform/methanol/
2.5N aqueous ammonium
hydroxide, (60:40:9)

Appearance: solid



Application notes:

Gangliosides¹ are acidic glycosphingolipids that form lipid rafts in the outer leaflet of the cell plasma membrane, especially in neuronal cells in the central nervous system.² They participate in cellular proliferation, differentiation, adhesion, signal transduction, cell-to-cell interactions, tumorigenesis, and metastasis.³ GM₂ regulates the function of ciliary neurotrophic factor receptors. The accumulation of GM₂ (due to a deficiency in *beta*-hexosaminidase) has characterized Tay-Sachs disease (due to a mutation in the gene *HEXA*) and Sandhoff disease (due to a mutation in the gene *HEXB*).⁴ *lyso*-GM₂ was also found in elevated amounts in brains with Sandhoff and Tay-Sachs disease. Although the origin of *lyso*-GM₂ remains unknown, it is tied with the loss of *HEXA*. In a study that subjected *lyso*-GM₂ to modified *beta*-hexosaminidase (Hex B) which hydrolyzes GM₂ and associated gangliosides, Hex B was found to strongly influence the *lyso*-GM₂ levels to decrease.⁵

Selected References:

1. L. Svennerholm, et al. (eds.), *Structure and Function of Gangliosides*, New York, Plenum, 1980
2. T. Kolter, R. Proia, K. Sandhoff "Combinatorial Ganglioside Biosynthesis" *J. Biol. Chem.*, Vol. 277, No. 29, pp. 25859-25862, 2002
3. S. Birkle, G. Zeng, L. Gao, R.K. Yu, and J. Aubry "Role of tumor-associated gangliosides in cancer progression" *Biochimie*, Vol. 85 pp. 455-463, 2003
4. R. Gravel et al., *The Metabolic and Molecular Bases of Inherited Disease* (C. R. Scriver, W. S. Sly, B. Childs, A. L. Beaudet, D. Valle, K. W. Kinzler, and B. Vogelstein, eds) pp. 3827-3876, McGraw-Hill Inc., New York, 2001
5. T. Kodama, T. Togawa, et al. "Lyso-GM2 Ganglioside: A Possible Biomarker of Tay-Sachs Disease and Sandhoff Disease" *PLoS ONE*, Vol 6, No. 12, 2011

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