

PRODUCT DATA SHEET

Trisialoganglioside GT_{1b} (NH₄⁺ salt)

Catalog No: 1063

Common Name: GT_{1b}

Source: natural, bovine

Solubility: chloroform/methanol/DI water,
(2:1:0.2); forms micellar solution in
water

CAS No: 59247-13-1

Molecular Formula: C₉₅H₁₆₅N₅O₄₇ • 3NH₃

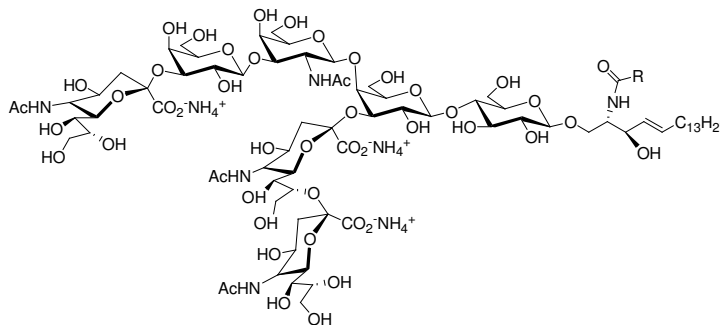
Molecular Weight: 2129 + 3NH₃ (stearoyl)

Storage: -20°C

Purity: TLC > 98%; identity confirmed by MS

TLC System: chloroform/methanol/
2.5N ammonium hydroxide,
(60:40:9 by Vol.)

Appearance: solid



Application notes:

Gangliosides¹ are acidic glycosphingolipids that form lipid rafts in the outer leaflet of the cell plasma membrane, especially in neuronal cells in the central nervous system. They participate in cellular proliferation, differentiation, adhesion, signal transduction, cell-to-cell interactions, tumorigenesis, and metastasis. The accumulation of gangliosides has been linked to several diseases including Tay-Sachs and Sandhoff disease. An autoimmune response against gangliosides can lead to Guillain-Barre syndrome. GT_{1b} induces degeneration of dopaminergic neurons and this may contribute to the initiation and/or progression of Parkinson's disease.² GT_{1b} inhibits antigen or mitogen induced T-cell proliferative responses and has been identified as the botulinum toxin receptor, a rare toxin having severe physiological results.³ *Borrelia burgdorferi* (a gram negative bacteria) binds several glycosphingolipids including GT_{1b}. GT_{1b} is a scavenger for •OH radicals and protects against brain mtDNA damage, seizures, and lipid peroxidation induced by reactive oxygen species producers.⁴ Ehrlich tumor expresses the ganglioside GT_{1b}, and anti-GT_{1b} has great therapeutic potential against this cancer. This ganglioside has also been implicated in Miller Fisher syndrome.

Selected References:

1. L. Svennerholm, et al. (eds.), *Structure and Function of Gangliosides*, New York, Plenum, 1980
2. J. K. Ryu, et al. "Trisialoganglioside GT_{1b} induces in vivo degeneration of nigral dopaminergic neurons: role of microglia." *Glia* Vol. 38(1) pp. 15, 2002
3. Ahn-Yoon, Soohyoun; DeCory, Thomas; Durst, Richard "Ganglioside-liposome immunoassay for the detection of botulinum toxin" *Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry*, Vol. 378(1) pp. 68-75, 2004
4. Hiro-aki Yamamoto and Parayanthala V. Mohanan "In Vivo and in Vitro Effects of Melatonin or Ganglioside GT_{1b} on L-Cysteine-Induced Brain Mitochondrial DNA Damage in Mice" *Toxicological Sciences*, Vol. 73 pp. 416-422, 2003

This product is to be used for research only. It is not intended for drug or diagnostic use, human consumption or to be used in food or food additives. Matreya assumes no liability for any use of this product by the end user. We believe the information, offered in good faith, is accurate.

DS1063 Rev. #8
May 6, 2014